WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 2009 11:00 A.M.

NO. 2

#22931

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD
COMPANY, AS SUCCESSOR-ININTEREST TO THE CHICAGO
AND NORTH WESTERN
RAILWAY COMPANY,

Plaintiff and Appellant,

vs.

CERTAIN UNDERWRITERS AT LLOYD'S, LONDON, ET AL., INCLUDING CONTINENTAL CASUALTY CO., Defendants and Appellees.

Mr. Richard J. Gray Mr. Timothy W. Burns Mr. Zacharay V. Moen Jenner & Block, LLC One IBM Plaza Chicago, IL 60611

(FOR APPELLANTS)

Mr. Arlo D. Sommervold Attorney at Law PO Box 1148 Sioux Falls SD 57101-1148 Ph 339-7289 (FOR APPELLANTS)

Mr. Charles M. Thompson
May, Adam, Gerdes and Thompson
Attorneys at Law
PO Box 160
Pierre SD 57501-0160
Ph 224-8803

Mr. Kevin M. Murphy
Ms. Alicia J. Barton
Calliau, Elenius, Murphy,
Carluccio, Keener, & Morrow
600 N. Pearl Ste 1400
Dallas TX 75201

(FOR APPELLEE CONTINENTAL CASUALTY)

(FOR APPELLEE CONTINENTAL CASUALTY)

Dallas TX 75201 Ph: (214) 220.5900 Fax: (214) 220.5902 The Honorable Jon R. Erickson (CIV 99-164) Third Judicial Circuit Beadle County Clerk of Courts

22931

LEGAL ISSUES INVOLVED

A. Whether Continental is entitled to summary judgment, based on its coverage defense of late notice, where, as here, the insurance contract does not contain an express requirement concerning the timing of notice of loss, and even if notice of loss was untimely, Continental has suffered no prejudice based on the timing of notice of loss.

The Circuit Court entered summary judgment in favor of Continental, holding that Continental is relieved of its obligation to provide coverage because Union Pacific did not give notice of loss and subsequent proof of loss "as soon as practicable," even though this time limitation is inapplicable to notice of loss. Relevant cases include *Auto-Owners Ins. Co. v. Hansen Housing, Inc.*, 2000 S.D. 13, 604 N.W.2d 504 (S.D. 2000); *Crum & Forester Ins. Co. v. Pacific Employers Ins. Co.*, 907 F. Supp. 312 (D. S.D. 1995); and *Kremer v. American Family Mutual Ins. Co.*, 501 N.W.2d 765 (S.D. 1993).

B. Whether a choice of law analysis is required where there is no conflict between the controlling laws of both states and, if such analysis is necessary, whether South Dakota or Illinois law governs a breach of insurance contract case when the insured is seeking to recover for damage to South Dakota property.

In its May 2, 2003 Order, the Circuit Court performed a choice of law analysis and held that Illinois law applied to this action. Relevant cases include *Anderson v. Taurus Fin. Corp.*, 268 N.W.2d 486 (S.D. 1978) and *Phillips v. Marist Society*, 80 F.3d 274 (8th Cir. 1996). Relevant statutes include S.D.C.L. § 53-1-4.