Rule 15-39. SDCL 19-19-606. Juror's competency as a witness.

- (a) At the trial. A juror may not testify as a witness before the other jurors at the trial. If a juror is called to testify, the court must give a party an opportunity to object outside the jury's presence.
- (b) During an inquiry into the validity of a verdict or indictment.
 - (1) Prohibited testimony or other evidence. During an inquiry into the validity of a verdict or indictment, a juror may not testify about any statement made or incident that occurred during the jury's deliberations; the effect of anything on that juror's or another juror's vote; or any juror's mental processes concerning the verdict or indictment. The court may not receive a juror's affidavit or evidence of a juror's statement on these matters.
 - (2) Exceptions. A juror may testify about whether:
 - (A) extraneous prejudicial information was improperly brought to the jury's attention;
 - (B) an outside influence was improperly brought to bear on any juror; or
 - (C) a mistake was made in entering the verdict on the verdict form.